

HUMBOLDT UNIVERSITÄT ZU BERLIN SFB 618: Theoretical Biology



## Winter School December 7, 2011 Plasticity: Mechanisms and Evolution

In popular thinking, a complex organism's phenotype is often said to be "determined" by its genotype. The relationship between genotype and phenotype is thus treated as invariant. In reality, however, a given genotype is often the foundation for several distinct organismal phenotypes. The variant phenotypic forms, deriving ultimately from a single genotype, illustrate the phenomenon of "developmental plasticity", of which there are several different kinds. The three major types involve (1) alterations of growth and timing, to alter the different phases of the life cycle and/or of reproductive capacity, (2) dramatically different contemporaneous forms (e.g., queen vs. worker bees), and (3) sequential variant forms as part of the life cycle (e.g., animals with obligate larval forms). They are not mutually exclusive, however: organisms that exhibit type 3 also often exhibit type 1 within their life cycle. The complete set of manifestations of "developmental plasticity" raises deep questions of both proximate (developmental) and ultimate (evolutionary) causation. In this workshop, both of these sides of developmental plasticity will be explored: the mechanisms that allow alternative forms and life cycles to be produced, and the evolutionary origins and implications of these capacities.

## All of the speakers are current or former fellows of the Wissenschaftskolleg zu Berlin

## Wednesday, December 7

9.00	Introduction:	<b>History and</b>	Significance -	Adam	Wilkins, IT	B
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I. Mechanisms Peter Hammerstein, Moderator, ITB

9:15 - 9:45	Genetic variation in plasticity in nematodes - Mark Viney, University of Bristol
9:45 -10:00	Plasticity, robustness and adaptation in nematodes - Avril Coghlan, University College Cork
10:00-10:30	The mechanisms underpinning life history evolution - Thomas Flatt, Veterinärmedizinische Universität Wien
10:30-10:45	Coffee break
10:45-12:00	Panel discussion
12:00	Lunch
II. Evolution	Adam Wilkins, Moderator, ITB
14.00-14.20	The evolution of reaction norms for life history traits - Stephen Impact of environmental covariation in growth and mortality

14.00-14.20	The evolution of reaction norms for life history traits - Stephen C. Stearns, Yale University		
14.20-14.40	Impact of environmental covariation in growth and mortality on maturation reaction norms -		
	Lise Marty, Institut Français de Recherche pour l'Exploitation de la Mer		
14:40-15:00	Reaction norms in host-parasite systems, with a focus on growth models -		
	Jacob C. Koella, Imperial College London		
15:00-15:20	Plastic parasites: sophisticated strategies for survival and reproduction?		
	Sarah Reece, University of Edinburgh		
15:20-15:45	Coffee break		
15:45-17.00	Panel discussion followed by Apéro		

Location: Lecture Hall 12, Institut für Biologie, Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Invalidenstr. 43, 10115 Berlin-Mitte. For registration e-mail to Matthias Flor before December 2nd (m.flor@biologie.hu-berlin.de). The registration fee of 10 Euro (students 5 Euro) is to be paid on arrival.





Organized by: Peter Hammerstein Adam Wilkins